Islamic Studies

Level 1 Student Workbook

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“There is no wealth like knowledge, no poverty like ignorance” - Ali ibn Ali Taalib
Overview

• Coming to the Masjid
  • Manners of a Muslim
  • Dress Code
  • Wudhu
  • Salah
• We have all been made by Allah
• The Shahadah (1) I Believe That None has the Right To Be Worshipped Except Allah
• The Shahadah (2) I Believe That Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah
• About The Propher Muhammad (may Allah’s peace be upon him)
• The Qur’an
• The Hadith & The Sunnah
  • The Importance of The Sunnah
  • Bidah
• The Prohibition of Picture Making in Islam
• Islam & It’s Five Pillars
  • The Hadith of Jibreel
  • The Shahadah
  • The Salah
  • Zakat
  • Fasting
  • Hajj
• Hadeeth Section

“There is no wealth like knowledge, no poverty like ignorance” - Ali ibn Ali Taalib
The Sunnah

One day during “the Farewell Pilgrimage” the prophet Muhammad stood up to address the people and one of the things he said to them was

“I am leaving two things among you, and if you cling to them firmly you will never go astray; one is the Book of Allah and the other is my Sunnah.”

The Prophet (may Allah’s peace be upon him) was sent with two things: The first as we have learnt is the Qur’an. The second is the Sunnah. The Qur’an is known as revelation. This is something sent down by Allah. The Sunnah is also revelation from Allah.

What are the two things the Prophet (peace be upon him) was sent with:

1) ______________________________________________________
2) ______________________________________________________

Complete the following sentence:

The Qur’ an is R______________ sent down by A_______.

The Sunnah is also R______________ and it is the way or

“m_____________” of the P___________ M___________ (may Al-

lah’s peace be upon him)

“There is no wealth like knowledge, no poverty like ignorance” - Ali ibn Ali Taalib
Circle the four different types of Sunnah:

WHAT THE PROPHET SAID

THE QUR’AN

WHAT THE PROPHET DID

THE STORY OF NUH

SURAH AL FATIHA

READING BOOKS OF ISLAM.

WHAT THE PROPHET APPROVED (ALLOWED AND FORBID).

THE ATTRIBUTES OF THE PROPHET

EATING GOOD FOOD

Answer the following questions:

• The companions are known in Arabic as the ________________________________

• Who were they?
  They were the wives, ________________________________ of the Prophet (May Allah’s peace be upon him)

• They were the best ________________________________

Allah says about them in the Qur’an:

كُنَّتمْ خَيْرًا مِّنْهُمْ أُخْرِيجَتِ لِلنَّاسِ تَأْمُّرُونَ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ وَتَنْهَوْنَ عَنِّ الْمُتَّعِرِينَ وَتَؤْمَنُونَ بِاللهِ وَلَوْ عَامَّةً أَهْلُ الْجَهَّالَةِ لَكُنَّ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ مِّنْهُمْ أَمْؤُمُونَ وَأَكْسَبْنِهِمْ اللَّيْلَةَ الْفِضِّيَّةَ (١٠)

You [true believers in Islâmic Monotheism, and real followers of Prophet Muhammad SAW and his Sunnah] are the best of peoples ever raised up for mankind; you enjoin Al-Ma’rûf (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm has ordained) and forbid Al-Munkar (polytheism, disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden), and you believe in Allâh.

(Surah al-Imran 3:110)
And the foremost to embrace Islâm of the Muhâjirûn (those who migrated from Mak-kah to Al-Madinah) and the Ansâr (the citizens of Al-Madinah who helped and gave aid to the Muhâjirûn) and also those who followed them exactly (in Faith). Allâh is well-pleased with them as they are well-pleased with Him. He has prepared for them Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), to dwell therein forever.
That is the supreme success.
(Surat At Tawbah – 9:100)

“Indeed, Allâh was pleased with the believers when they gave the Bai’âh (pledge) to you (O Muhammad SAW) under the tree, He knew what was in their hearts, and He sent down As-Sakinah (calmness and tranquillity) upon them, and He rewarded them with a near victory,” Surah Al Fath [48:18]

So we know that Allah is p____________________ and they were t_______________

Hadith

A Hadith is a narration from the companion that is written down about the Prophet Muhammad; what he said, did, commanded or forbid, or how he was.

All praise be to Allah, you have memorised some hadith. Let us look at them now:

1 ) Narrated from Jaabir (may Allah be pleased with him) who said: The messenger of Allah (may Allah’s peace be upon him) said: “Do not eat with your left (hand) because indeed Shaytaan eats with his left (hand).” (Narrated in Muslim)

Who is the narrator? _______________________________________________________________

What does the Prophet Muhammad may Allah’s peace be upon him) tell us in this hadith? _______________________________________________________________________

“There is no wealth like knowledge, no poverty like ignorance” - Ali ibn Ali Taalib
What does he tell us about Shaytaan? ______________________________________________

2) (Narrated) from Abu Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him) who said: The messenger of Allah (may Allah be pleased with him) said “The strong believer is better and more beloved to Allah, than the weak believer, but in both there is good” (Narrated in Muslim)

Who is the narrator?_____________________________________________________________

What do we learn about a strong believer? ________________________________________

Is a weak believer bad? __________________________________________________________

(Narrated) from Abu Hurayrah (may Allah be pleased with him) who said: The messenger of Allah (may Allah be pleased with him) said “The young should give greeting (salam) to the elder, and (the one) walking to (the one) who is sitting, and the smaller number (of people) to the larger (number of people).” (Narrated in Bukhari & Muslim)

Who is the narrator?_____________________________________________________________

Which statements are correct or incorrect:

Who was Abu Hurayrah? _________________________________________________________

What does it mean?______________________________________________________________

Circle the correct answers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correct</th>
<th>Incorrect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The older person should give greetings (salaams) to the young person</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It is correct that 26 men were told of by the Imam of our masjid because they did not give salam to two men who entered the masjid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The two books of hadith that we have taken the last hadith from are Sahih:

AL BUKHARI  AL ALBANI  ISLAAM  MUSLIM  AN-NAWAWI
Hadeeth

To Memorise

These hadith will be given to you to memorise. You should aim to memorise and understand one hadeeth every two weeks.

(1)

عَنْ جَابِرٍ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهُ ﷺ: «لَا تَأْكُلْوا
بِالشَّمَالِ إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ يَأْكُلُ بِالشَّمَالِ». (رواية مسلم(1)).

[La ta’kuloo bishimaali fa innashaytaana ya-kulu bishimaali]

Do not eat with your left (hand) because indeed Shaytaan eats with his left (hand).

(2)

عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهُ ﷺ:
المُؤْمِنُ القوِيُّ خَيْرٌ وأَحْبَبَ إِلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ المُؤْمِنِينَ الصَّفِيقِ. . . .
(رواية مسلم).

[Al mu’mi nuso qawee-oo khayrun wa ahabbu illallah min-al muminid-da-eefi]

“The strong believer is better and more beloved to Allah, than the weak believer”